

Navigating the Future of Asia Pacific's Regulatory Landscape:

Key Trends for 2025 and Beyond



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Speaker

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Kristyn is responsible for researching, analyzing, and monitoring chemical, EH&S, and sustainability-related government regulations and industrial practices in the Asia Pacific region. With over 27 years of experience in regulatory affairs, international trade compliance, and supply chain management, overseeing major Asian jurisdictions, she supports both Fortune 500 companies and small-to medium-sized businesses seeking successful market expansion and navigating global and domestic regulatory compliance.



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Associate Director, APAC Regulatory Research

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- Main trends in Asia Pacific
- Key updates for 2025 and beyond
- Takeaways and Q&A

Main trends in Asia Pacific

REACH/REACH-like

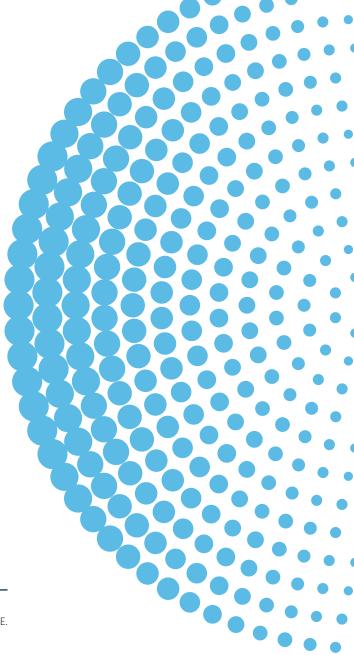
- K-REACH/CCA major updates
- China New Pollutant Policy
- Japan ISHL risk assessment
- Vietnam Law on Chemicals

• GHS

- o 9th rev. JP
- o 8th rev. CN, MY, PH, and TW
- o 7th rev. AU, NZ

PFAS

- Majorly Stockholm convention-centric
- o Further movements: drinking water, cosmetics, consumer products
- China New Pollutant Policy





REACH/REACH-like in AP





K-REACH/CCA: Major changes



- Governed by MoE, from **January 1, 2025, new chemicals** M/I tonnage between 0.1 ton and 1 ton NO LONGER required a registration, but a **notification**.
 - "unidentified hazards" downstream communication requirement
- Recategorization of "toxic chemicals" effective from August 7, 2025, one year grace period by July 1, 2026

Acute Hazardous to Human Health



Chronic Hazardous to Human Health



Hazardous to the Environment



- Impacts and challenges
 - o To revise CCA LoC, SDS, GHS, label, and downstream communication dossier
 - Extremely tight schedule to comply
 - o Final chemical lists with new hazard categories published on the effective date!
 - CCA LoC revision without grace period
 - Revised MSDS Standard (MoEL 2025-50) effective immediately Section 15 without detail guidelines –
 Industry to guess how to display new categories in Section 15

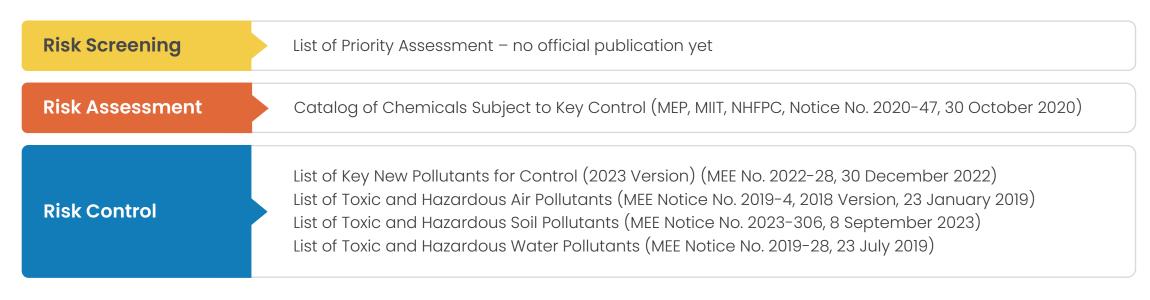
REACH-like in AP: China's risk management



China New Pollutant Policy

• **New pollutants:** persistent organic pollutants, endocrine-disrupting chemicals, and antibiotics, designated by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment

Main framework From Existing chemicals (IECSC):





Source control (bans, restrictions)



Emission reduction



End-pipe treatment

REACH-like in AP: Japan's risk management



Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL)

- GHS classified substances
- Hazards unknown substances
- Non-hazardous substances

Over 2,500 subs by 2027

- 244 subs. added on April 1, 2024
- 650 subs. added on April 1, 2025
- 781 subs. added on April 1, 2026
- 155 subs. added on April 1, 2027

More to come!

- o Mandatory for SDS, label, and risk assessments
- Subject to further requirements substitutes, facility safety, PPE, and record-keeping (minimum 3 years;
 30 years for carcinogens)

REACH-like in AP: Vietnam Law on Chemicals



Law No. 69/2025/QH15 Passed June 14th, 2025, effective date January 1st, 2026



Expanded Regulatory Scope

The law now covers the entire chemical supply chain, with stricter controls on hazardous substances and products.



Chemical Classification

Chemicals are
classified into
Conditional, Special
Control, and
Restricted categories
based on risk.



Mandatory Declaration

All imported chemicals must be declared, and hazardous chemicals in products must be disclosed to consumers.



Digital Traceability

Enhanced NCD promotes data sharing and public disclosure, tracking chemicals using electronic invoices.

GHS developments in AP





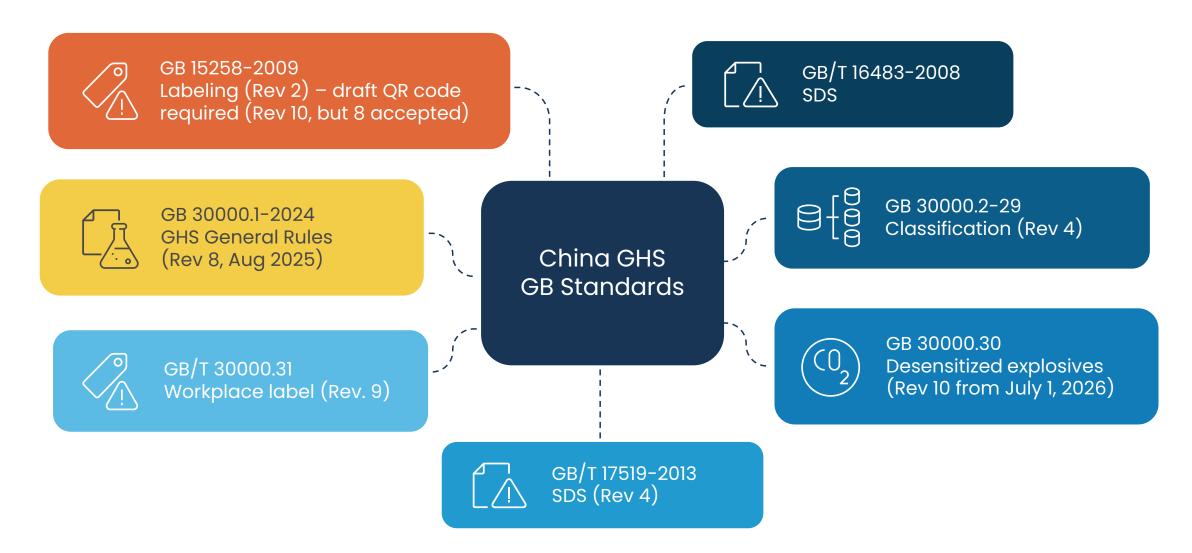
APGHS – Changes in 2025



AP Jurisdictions	GHS edition to be adopted	Mandatory/Estimated timelines
China	8 th Rev. (as per GB 30000.1 - 2024)	Effective on August 1, 2025
India	8 th Rev. (as per Draft ICMSR)	No official date
Indonesia	7 th Rev. (as per Ministry of Industry Reg. No. XX)	Indicated in National Standard (SNI) 9030-2021; No official date
Japan	9 th Rev.	Expected in 2025; no official date
Malaysia	8 th Rev. (as per Draft CLASS 202X and ICOP)	Expected in 2025; no official date
New Zealand	7 th Rev. (as per EPA Hazardous Substances Notices)	Mandatory from May 1, 2025
Philippines	8 th Rev. (as per DAO No. 2015-09)	Under review; no official date
Singapore	7 th Rev. (as per SS 586-2:2022 and SS 586-3:2022)	Mandatory from February 6, 2025
Taiwan	8 th Rev. (as per amended CNS 15030 series)	Expected in 2025; no official date

China GHS: complicated picture





China – Shanghaul HazChem Traceable QR Code



- Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals (Decree 591) (March 2011)
- National Hazardous Chemical Safety Risk Centralized Management Plan (2022)
- Shanghai MEE Bureau Implementation Rules on the "One Company, One Product, One Code" Policy of Hazardous Chemicals in Inventory and Transportation Mangement (Feb 2024)

A QR code must be attached to hazardous chemical product packaging on GHS labels which contains hazard and product information tracing per batch.

上海市应急管理局文件上海市交通委员会

沪应急危化 (2024) 12号

上海市应急管理局 上海市交通委员会 关于推进基于"一企一品一码"的危险化学品 出入库及危险货物装卸信息化管理工作的通知

各有关单位

为深入贯彻落实上海城市数字化转型战略, 切实加强本市危险化学品安全领域跨部门综合监管, 提升政府科技监管效能, 有效降低安全风险, 根据《全国危险化学品安全风险集中治理方案》 (安委(2021)12号文)、《上海市危险化学品安全管理办法》、



Traceable QR code attached on GHS label



6th Norson

ES. YOUNGE

NRCC code and Shanghai Traceable code: same position on GHS label

附录 (资料性)

危险化学品追溯码标识应用样例





化学事故应急咨询电话: ××××××

化学品名称 세维分: 40%; 2013分: 60% 化学品名称 /40%, 40%, 781(5), 60% 极易燃液体和蒸气, 食入致死, 对水生生物毒性非常大 极易燃液体和蒸气,食入致死,对水生生物毒性非常大 远点热源、火花、明火、热聚烟。使用不产生火花的工具作业。 · 远齿热源、火花、损失、热衰雨。使用不产生火花的工具作业。 · 保持容器密闭。 · 保持容器坐死。 采取防止静电阻施。容器和核收设备接地、连接。 采取供止静电器施。容器和核收设备接地、连接。 · 役刑的厚电器、通风、照规及其他设备。 · 役刑的厚屯器、进风、照明及其他资备。 · 解助护手住、助护职程、助护而基。 · 解除於三位、数於數據、原於百萬 操作后物应清洗身体控制部位。 操作后彻底清洗身体接触部位。 · 作业场所不得遗食、依水或租票。 · 作业场所不得遗食、放水或形型。 · 禁止排入环境。 · 禁止排入环境。 [李放响空] · 知支款(成头贯)模能,立等数梯所有被污染的衣服。用水冲流收款、斜市。 · 似皮肤 (成头发) 装舱; 立司数排所有被污染的衣服。用水冲洗皮肤、斜溶。 · 舍入, 催吐, 立即就死。 · 改物排棄物. · 改物排棄物。 · 火灾时, 他用干粉, 抱津, 二氢化煤灭火, · 火灾时, 使用干燥, 拖沫, 二氢化糜灭火 【安全体存】 【安全保存】 • 在阴凉、道风泉更处储存 • 在别席、通风克斯处保存。 上類保管。 EMISSION 【意产处理】 【意作处理】 本品或紅容器至所处物状处理。 本品或其容器室用处格效量管 诸参阅化学品安全技术资明书 诸参阅化学品安全技术说明书

6th XXXXXX

WWW. XXXXXXXX

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化學有效应急药资金值: ××××××

危险化学品追溯码标识在化学品安全标签上的位置见图D.1。

图 D.1 追溯码标识在安全标签上的位置

Shanghai Local Standard DB 31/T1250-xxxx final draft soliciting public comment in Jan 2025, previous version DB 31/T1250-2020: Technical Specification for Traceability Code of Hazardous Chemicals.

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National NRCC GB 15258 (draft published) DB 44/T 2564-2024

PFAS controls in AP

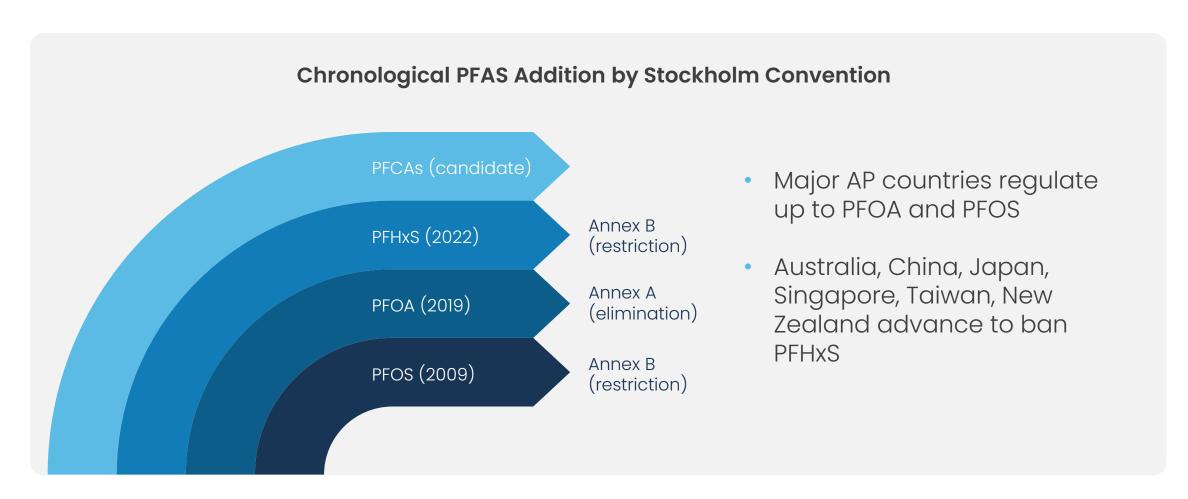




PFAS control in AP: Trend 1



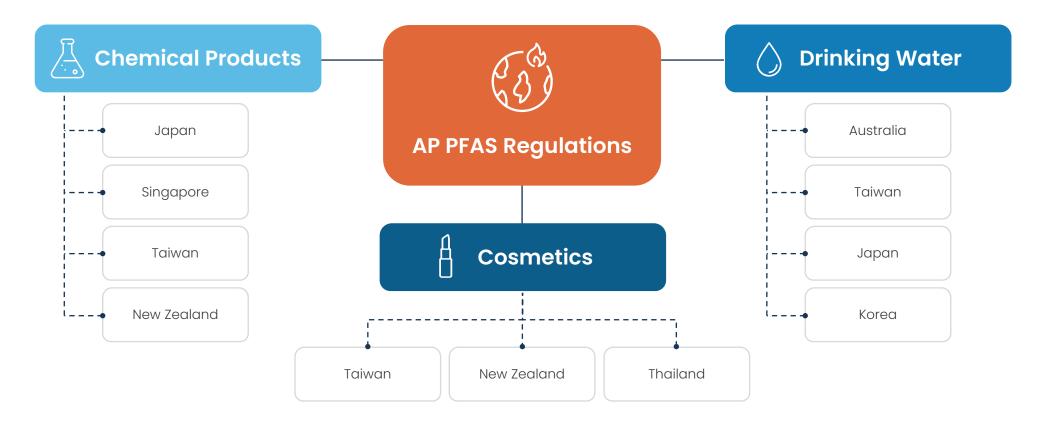
Stockholm Convention-driven: Persistent organic pollutants (POPs)



PFAS control in AP: Trend 2



- From substance/industrial chemicals to product and environmental controls
- Implemented, proposed, or in discussion



Compliance timeline - Asia Pacific PFAS 2025 and beyond

2025 2026-2027

Australia

- Ban PFOA, PFOS, and PFHxS under IChEMS (July 2025)
- PFHxS, PFOS, and PFOA to be classified as high hazard chemicals for categorization (Sep 2025)

China

 Standard of testing methods of PFOA and PFOS in consumer products takes effect (Dec 1, 2025)

Japan

- Bans PFOA products for import (Jan 10, 2025)
- CSCL Proposed Ban: PFHxS-related compounds (by early 2025)

New Zealand

Phase-out legacy PFAS in firefighting foam starts (Dec 2025)

Singapore

 Regulate PFCA, their salts and related compounds, and mediumchain chlorinated paraffins as hazardous substances (Aug 1, 2025)

Taiwan

- Bans PFOS, PFOA, and PFNA in cosmetics (Jan 1, 2025)
- Regulating eight PFOS, 353 PFOA, and 147 PFHxS as toxic chemicals (May 2025)

New Zealand

• Ban of PFAS in cosmetics (Jan 2027)

Singapore

Phase out legacy PFAS in firefighting foam starts (Jan 2026)

Taiwan

- Compliance with SDS and GHS labels for PFOS and PFOA is required under TCCSCA (June 2026)
- Restrict PFOS, PFOA, and PFHxS in drinking water (July 2027)

Thailand

PFHxS to be classified as hazardous substances requiring a license (prospect)



Takeaways – Dynamic Asia Pacific



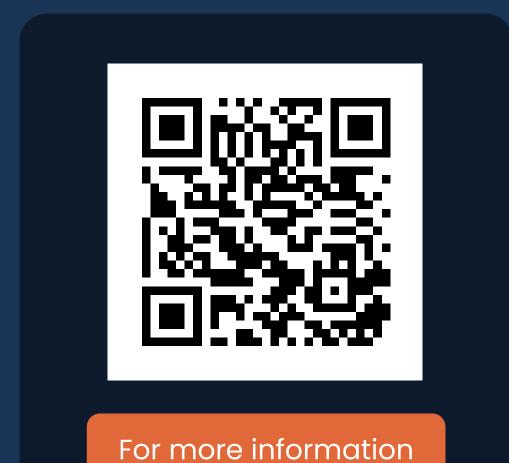
- REACH and REACH-like chemical polices to be more developed
 - o Korea toxic chemical recategorization, effective from 7 August 2025
 - o Japan ISHL: more substances subject to mandatory risk assessment, SDS, label duties
 - China New Pollutant Policy strengthens risk controls
 - o Vietnam Law on Chemicals reform oversees lifecycle management and transparency
 - More APAC countries adopt robust, risk-based regulatory schemes
- More AP countries to adopt higher GHS revisions
 - o Mandatory in 2025: China, New Zealand, Singapore
 - o Expected in 2025: Japan, Taiwan
 - o Watch closely: India, Malaysia
- PFAS Controls beyond Stockholm convention established
 - o Follow key dates of prohibition or restrictions of substance, product, and use level





Q & A











Thank you!

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Empowering safety. Elevating stewardship.

Enabling sustainability.